Enterprise Cyber-Physical Edge Virtualization Engine (EVE)

Architecture

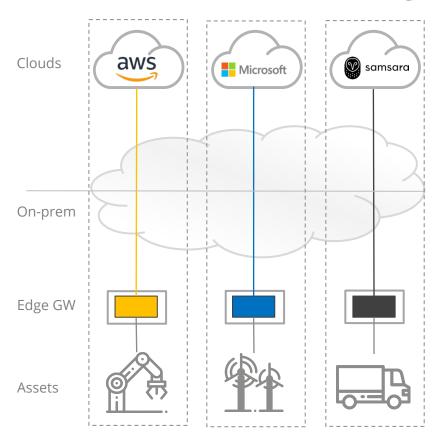
ZEDEDA Inc. contribution

THE LINUX FOUNDATION

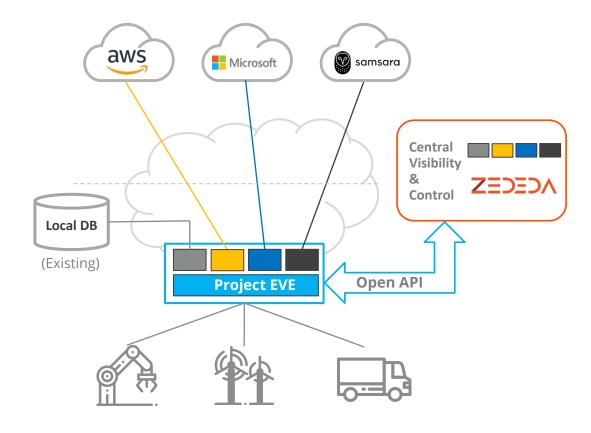


### The need for edge virtualization: IIoT $1.0 \rightarrow IIoT 2.0$

IIoT 1.0: Vertical data silos & platform lock-in Data/edge sovereignty & control issues Hardware-defined & unmanaged edge



IloT 2.0: Open IoT data architecture, no lock-in Data & edge belong to the enterprise Software-defined & ubiquitous edge



# The Enterprise Cyber-Physical Edge Stack

**Customer Business Outcomes** 

Reduce outages

Improve predictability

Increase efficiencies

Cloud/DC







Data Services Layer: Abstract & Distribute IoT Data



Open source edge runtime for ubiquity

Monetize visibility, control, security, apps, and plugins (EV-Central & EV-Catalog)

Edge Software

Edge Hardware

Machines & Assets

# EVE: Edge Virtualization

Enginera Services Layer: Virtualize & Abstract Edge



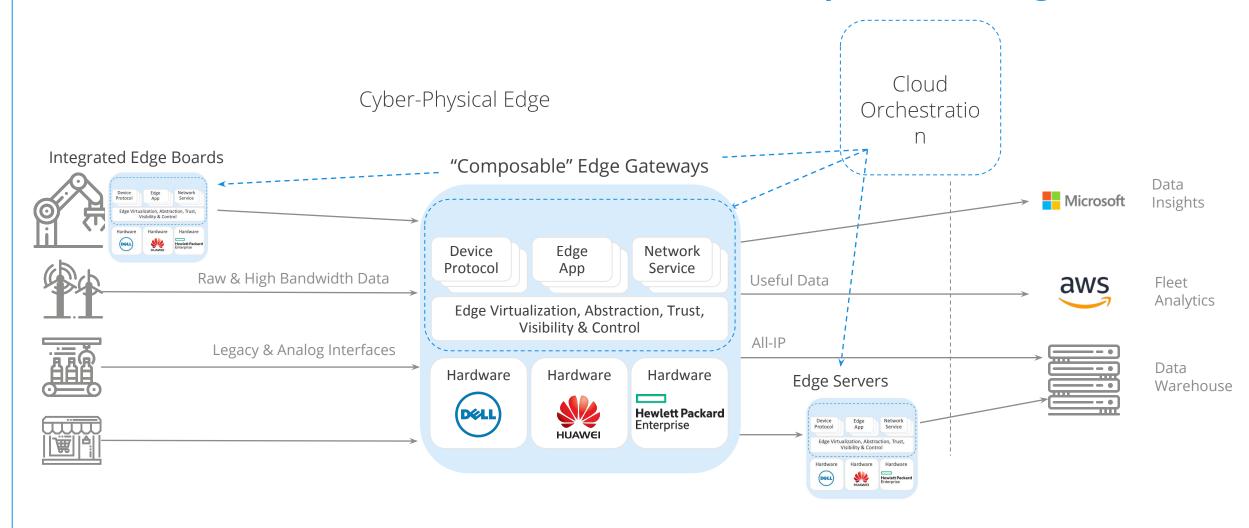




Sensors, Equipment, PLCs...



### The virtualized, software-defined & composable edge

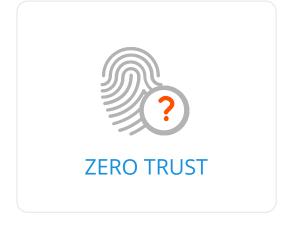


# Key Requirements



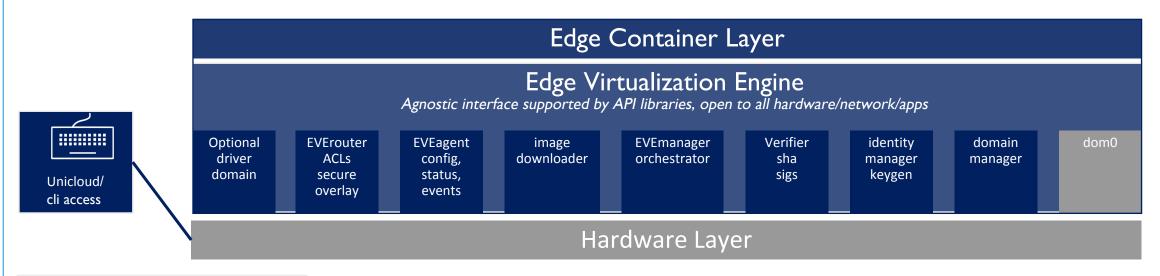








## Edge Virtualization Engine (Project EVE) Components

























"SOUTHBOUND" DEVICES, SENSORS AND ACTUATORS

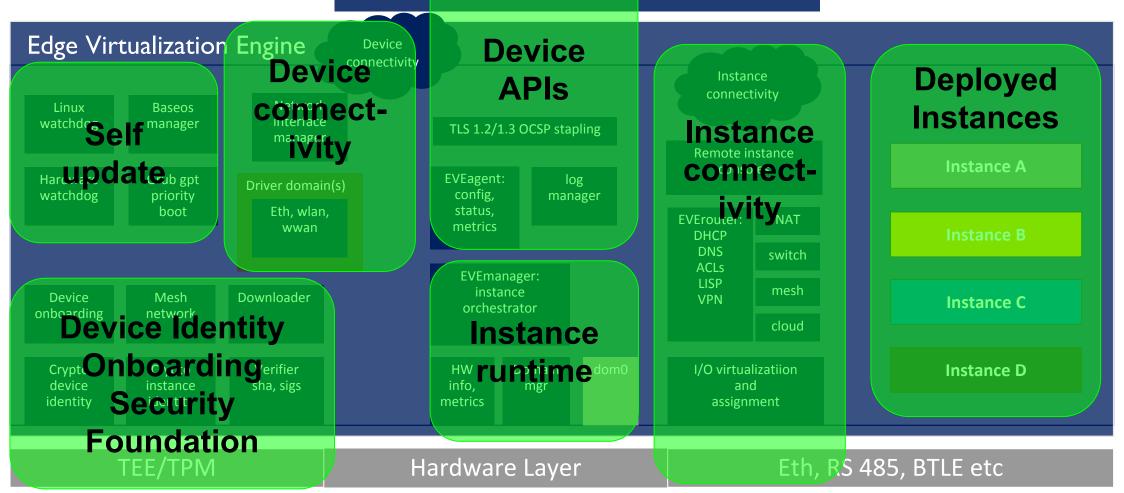
### Edge Virtualization Engine Status

- Some pieces already in open repos
  - > github.com/zededa/zenbuild
    - grub patches for gpt priority
    - linuxkit-based build
  - » github.com/farinacci/lispers.net
    - > reference implementation of mesh network
- Opening up other EVE pieces and EVE-EVC API 1H2019
  - > Onboarding, self-update, application aka edge container mgmt, connectivity
  - > APIs for onboarding, config, info, metrics, logs, [events]
  - In the process of adding some developer documentation
- Moving to github.com/lf-edge



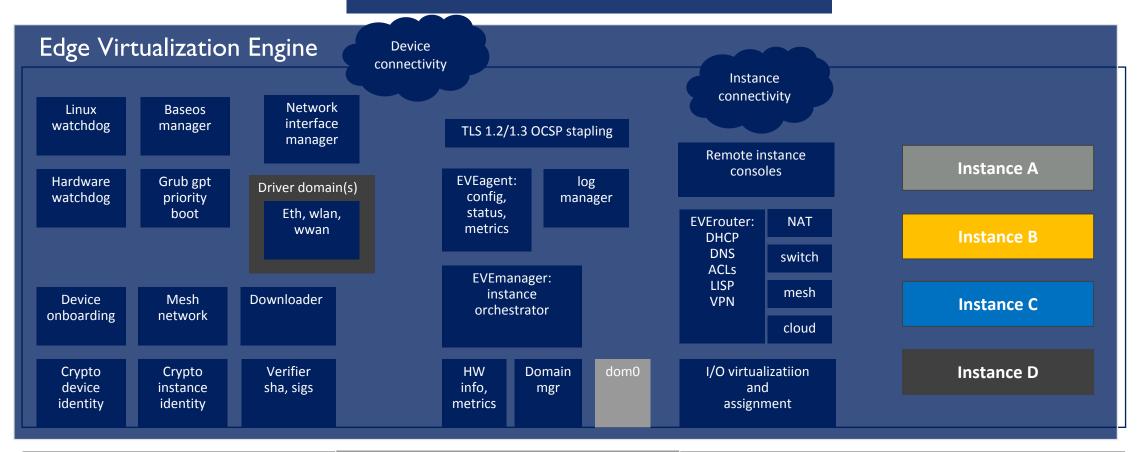
#### Project EVE Architecture

EVE-EVC API - config, status, metrics, logs



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EVE-EVC API - config, status, metrics, logs



TEE/TPM Hardware Layer Eth, RS 485, BTLE etc

### Identity, onboarding, and security foundation

- > Using self-signed certificates using elliptic curve key pairs
  - > Reasonable key size for 20 year time frame
  - Considering adding certificate signing request
  - > At factory/install specify EVC plus root CA certificate for EVC
- > Leverage TEE/TPM for secure key storage, measured boot, etc
  - Device private key never needs to leave TEE/TPM
- Several variants for onboarding depending on factory constraints
  - > Want strong binding between user/purchaser and device identity
- > Images are signed; verified by device; can pull from any datastore
- No remote (ssh) or keyboard access to EVE(\*)
  - (\*) Can enable using API for developer debug



## Self-update

- Requirement to never have to visit device due to software bugs and failures
  - Including due to power failure during flashing of base image
  - > Either fall back to old image or be able to do another update
- Dual partition boot (IMGA/IMGB)
  - > grub patches for gpt priority boot
  - > Additional partitions for identity (CONFIG) and app instances (PERSIST)
- > Policies and timers for fallback vs. commit to new
  - "Test" that new base image can connect to EVC etc
  - > Deployed app instances are not tested as part of this
- Using hardware watchdog plus Linux watchdog to detect hangs and core dumps and reboot
- Been using this approach in dev for 12 months without bricking a device



### **Device Connectivity**

- Device needs to connect to EVC; can also specify local connectivity for app instances
- > By default connects using DHCP/IPv4 over eth0, wlan0, and wwan0
  - > Will use multiple ports for failover and load spreading if available
- > Can specify different ports, static IPs, enterprise proxy config, etc
  - > At software install time with a json file in /config/, or USB stick
  - Using device API
- > Device tests connectivity to EVC with fallback to old, retry of new
  - Reports results using API
- Prints connectivity diagnostics on console (useful if local console; e.g., to debug proxy config)



### Current Edge Container definition

Images are qcow2 or raw format; manifest refers to one or more images. Includes Access Control Lists. Example:

```
"images": [
"acKind": "VMManifest",
"acVersion": "1.1.1",
                                           "imagename": "xenial-amd64-docker-20180725",
"name": "xenial2intf",
                                           "maxsize": 1195376,
"owner": {},
                                           "readonly": false,
"enablevnc": true,
                                           "preserve": true,
"vmmode": "HV HVM",
                                           "target": "Disk",
                                           "drvtype": "HDD",
                                           "maxsizeUnit": "GB",
                                           "maxsizeDisplayUnit": "GB"
```

```
"interfaces": [ {
                                                              "resources": [
    "name": "indirect",
    "directattach": false,
                                                                       "name": "cpus",
    "acls": [ {
                                                                       "value": 2
         "matches": [ {
                                                                   },
              "type": "host",
              "value": "amazonaws.com"
                                                                       "name": "memory",
          } ] } ] ,
                                                                       "value": 512000
   "name": "direct",
    "directattach": false,
    "acls": [ {
                                                                       "name": "storage",
        "matches": [ {
                                                                       "value": 3145728
            "type": "ip",
            "value": "0.0.0.0/0"
           } ] } ],
```

### App Instance Connectivity

- Default is local network with NATed connectivity
- > Can provision a switch network an L2 network e.g, on eth I
- Can provision PCI controller or COM port if instance has its own drivers (industrial Ethernet, TSN, BTLE, modbus over serial)
- > Can provision a cloud network connect to AWS, Azure VPN
- > Can provision a mesh network connect device to device
  - Uses LISP (<a href="https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6830">https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6830</a>)
  - > Handles multihoming, mobility, NAT traversal, authentication, encryption
  - > No changes to app; uses DHCP to get IP addresses as normal
- > Can provision a local network with no external port; local-only
- > If vnc is enabled in manifest can use Guacamole for remote console



#### **EVE-EVC API**

- Connection from device (through NAT) using TLS1.2 (soon 1.3)
- Different services:
  - POST api/v1/edgedevice/register for device onboarding
  - GET api/v1/edgedevice/ping for connectivity test
  - GET api/v l /edgedevice/config complete device + instance config
  - POST api/v1/edgedevice/info for triggered device/instance status
  - > POST api/v1/edgedevice/metrics for periodic device/instance metrics
  - > POST api/v1/edgedevice/logs for logs from microservices on device
- Protobuf encoded messages



# Questions?